

## Geography Curriculum

Our Geography curriculum is built upon our 4 core values: Faith, Challenge, Pride and Success. Through it, children will explore the world created for us by God. Children have experience and explore different geographical themes and lines of enquiry. Through an emphasis on questioning and exploring new vocabulary, children's curiosity is developed and different levels of challenge and reasoning is incorporated for all children to experience.

INTENT		IMPLEMENTATION		IMPACT	
Alignment to National Curriculum	We follow the national curriculum for geography as this ensures cohesion and progression. Working geographically will be the heart of our teaching and will be used as a vehicle to ensure key geographical knowledge has been remembered, understood and can be applied. Geography is the driver for all curriculum work for the whole spring term enabling children to become immersed in their geography learning and make meaningful links to other areas of the curriculum. The geography curriculum is based upon the subject specific concepts of place, scale, distance, movement, change, sustainability, diversity and interaction which are built upon each year.	Pedagogical Approaches	The pedagogical approaches to the teaching of geography are closely aligned to the approaches and principles of teaching in other subject areas, with the key elements being: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Deliberate and intentional retrieval of previous knowledge to build on previous learning</li> <li>• Regular checkpoints and formative assessments to tailor lessons to the needs of pupils</li> <li>• Positive relationships that create the conditions conducive to effective learning</li> <li>• High levels of subject knowledge</li> <li>• Making reference to the school rules and values when teaching; this supports pupils to contribute and engage in lessons and be part of a class community striving to unlock each member's potential. The school follows a six-part lesson sequence: engage, introduce, consider and practise, going deeper, independent task and reflect. The lessons are carefully designed to ensure pace of learning as well as to regularly check for understanding.</li> </ul>	Approach to Assessment	We understand that learning happens over time rather than in a single lesson. As a result of our carefully designed and planned curriculum, pupils' develop detailed knowledge and skills across the curriculum and, as a result, achieve well. Assessment is done formatively during lessons, and at the end of each lesson teachers will assess the children's current level of skills. Degree of mastery of these skills will be recorded on the assessment spreadsheet and used to inform teacher judgment on a termly basis. Task design is intentionally open in order for children to demonstrate their level of depth. Impact can be measured by teachers through the use of recall strategies such as those suggested by Tom Sherrington in his book <i>Rosenshine's Principles in Action</i> .
End Points	Having a strong foundation of knowledge will enable our pupils to participate, challenge, and reshape the world around them. All pupils leave our school with an understanding and respect for the unique human, physical and environmental geography available to them within and around their local area. Additionally, pupils will have a wider, global awareness. Each geography project ends with an authentic outcome where the children work towards presenting their learning. The pupils will be well prepared for geography study at key stages 3 and 4.	Teachers' Expert Knowledge	Teachers are given regular opportunities to access CPD at school and externally. The subject leader provides regular updates to staff. Many of the elements of the curriculum and ethos, are rooted in best practice and research. The culture of the school promotes openness and honesty in relation to proactively seeking support; this may be reflected in PDM content, and discussions between colleagues.	Performance Data	There is no published data for geography at primary school. The school tracks foundation subjects broadly to ensure that pupils are working within the curriculum expectations for their year group. This is reported to parents within the end of year report.
Sequencing	The geography curriculum begins in with pupils completing an in depth local area study, which provides them with a concrete experience of geographical enquiry skills. Following this, pupils explore contrasting localities in all five continents exploring key human and physical characteristics. Pupils will learn that human and physical geography are intertwined. Human,	Promoting Discussion and Understanding	The core knowledge and vocabulary are the entry point and our aim is to connect this knowledge so that pupils can understand, describe and appreciate the world whilst also being able to discuss and debate issues on a local, national and global scale. Pupils will be given the opportunity to develop their ability to ask perceptive questions, think critically, analyse evidence, examine	Pupils' Work	Children's work will be used as a way of securing and showing learning and not simply a record of activities done in class. Children should be able to refer back through their project books, to support themselves with new learning. Evidence will be recorded in a variety of forms. A discussion of previous learning will form the beginning of each lesson. EYFS record evidence using



	physical and environmental geography will be studied at all scales, from localised regions to the wider world.		arguments, develop judgement, and understand differing perspectives.		'Evidence Me.' There is an expectation that the learning in geography is evidenced in books at an age-appropriate level.
Alignment with EYFS	Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. In developing the children's understanding of the world, we build upon their personal experiences which increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them. These personal experiences and the opportunities provided in provision foster their understanding of our culturally, socially and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Understanding of the world with a focus on people, culture and communities and the natural world is a particular curriculum driver in the spring term. Children are given opportunities and experiences to enable them to meet the expected level of development. A key aim of our St Mary's EYFS curriculum in relation to understanding the world is to be able to create and read maps of the local area.	Knowing More and Remembering More	Teaching actively promotes recall and retrieval strategies to commit knowledge to long term memory and this is part of a wider suite of metacognition tools and strategies used in all lessons. Children are encouraged to reflect on previous learning and use that to explain their current understanding. Knowledge organisers are used to share key information and are regularly referred to and added to in order to activate prior knowledge and as a scaffold for learning.	Talking to Pupils	The subject leader will dedicate time regularly to the scrutiny of books, discussion with teachers, enhancing subject knowledge, and discussion with pupils. Pupils will have the opportunity to talk about their work, their enjoyment and understanding of the lessons, and how much they can recall, and their responses will be used to inform an evaluation of the quality of teaching and learning.
Addressing Social Disadvantage	We have a firm belief that every child can achieve and that they are entitled to the same knowledge and cultural capital, whatever their background or starting point. As such, we adopt a mastery approach to all of the teaching, having high expectations of all children and scaffolding those with lower starting points to be able to access and achieve these.	Teacher Assessment	Well planned pre-learning tasks help to bring out what learners already know and what misconceptions they may have. We take account of the outcomes from pre-learning tasks to plan. Teachers assess formatively and summatively in each lesson according to the skills progression. Children will have opportunities to evaluate and recognise their own success and teachers will carry out formative assessment for learning through the use of checkpoints. Task design allows children to demonstrate their progress. Teachers endeavour to carry out live feedback in line with research about which forms of marking and feedback have most impact. We keep track of children's progress against the skills progression, having three data points, one at the end of each school term.		
Local Context	In EYFS and KS1 pupils begin their journey in geography with a study of the familiar: the local area. Local area knowledge provides an anchor from which all other geographical topics are taught, and links are made to this frequently.				
Meeting the needs of St Mary's learners	Links are made between the geography curriculum and other areas of the curriculum through the project concepts and Catholic Social Teaching links. Reference and links are made to our school rules, values and mission statement.				